**PATFIN NURSERY AND PRIMARY SCHOOL, AKESAN, LAGOS STATE.**

**SECOND TERM EXAMINATION [ 2018 / 2019 ]**

**CLASS : Primary 4**

**NAME : \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ SUBJECT: Basic Science**

**INSTRUCTION : ANSWER CORRECTLY DURATION : 1 HOUR**

**Objectives**

1. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is the bone of the chest region. (a)cervical bone (b)sacral bones (c)thoracic bones
2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ gives shape and support to the body. (a)skeleton (b)flesh (c)muscles
3. Domestic animals are grouped into \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (a)4 (b)2 (c)3
4. Domestic animals kept on farm as \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (a)pets (b)pests (c)puppets.
5. Joints and muscles help body \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (a)movement (b)strain (c)stress
6. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is part of the flowering plant. (a)anther (b)tisgma (c)petal
7. Pollination is defined as the transfer of mature pollen grains from the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (a)anthers, stigma (b)apex, sepal (c)stigma, sepal
8. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is one of the classes of rock. (a)Igneous rock (b)Olumo rock (c)Zuma rock
9. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is usually sour and can often burn holes or damage things they touch. (a)Acid (b)Alkani (c)Fuel
10. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ joint allows movement in anyway or direction. (a)Immovable (b)Moveable (c)Voluntary

**Answer True/False**

1. Muscles increase strength. True/False
2. Humerus is the longest bone in the body. True/False
3. Carnivores are animals that feed on plant material only. True/False
4. A female goat has the ovaries. True/False
5. After birth the female goat chews the membrane covering the kids. True/False

**Fill in the gaps**

1. A female goat is called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ are animals that eat both plants and flesh.
3. The bones of the hands and legs are called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
4. The joints and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ supports the body frame.
5. Acids contains \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**THEORY**

1. What is a skeleton?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1b. Name where these bones are located in the body

I) sacral bones: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

II) radius and ulna: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

III) humerus: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

IV) thoracic bones: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. List the three categories of domestic animals based on the type of food they act.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

2b. What are domestic animals?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. Define reproduction

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

3b. What are mammals and give 5 examples of mammals.

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
5. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
6. What is a joint?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

4a. Write the two types of joints and muscles.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**PATFIN NURSERY AND PRIMARY SCHOOL, AKESAN, LAGOS STATE.**

**SECOND TERM EXAMINATION [ 2018 / 2019 ]**

**CLASS : Primary 4**

**NAME : \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ SUBJECT: Social Studies**

**INSTRUCTION : ANSWER CORRECTLY DURATION : 1 HOUR**

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is an increase in size, number, value or strength. (a)growth (b)weight (c)value
2. Heredity is the transmission of physical and genetic qualities from parents to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (a)offspring (b)onspring (c)kiddies
3. A political party is an organization of people who has similar political \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (a)views and philosophy (b)stands and tasks (c)strength and power
4. Any political leader must be ready to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the people’s complaint. (a)listen (b)ignore (c)avoid
5. GTB means \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (a)General Trust Bank (b)Guarantee Trust Bank (b)Guarantee truth Bank
6. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is the act of keeping something in its original state. (a)motivation (b)preservation (c)conservation
7. Spending money unnecessarily will not allow people to have \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (a)savior (b)saying (c)savings
8. Resources are things we use for further \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (a)consumption (b)production (c)provision
9. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is a cause of poor savings. (a)unstable income (b)management of income (c)low level of spending
10. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is a type of resources. (a)wages (b)salary (c)capital

**Answer True/False**

1. Resources are used for further production. True/False
2. UBA means Universal Bank of Africa. True/False
3. Lack of skill is a cause of unemployment. True/False
4. Wages and salaries are the same. True/False
5. Under-employment means having jobs to do. True/False

**Fill in the gaps**

1. People need to work to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a living.
2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is a cause of unemployment.
3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ can hinder physical growth.
4. A \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is a type of organization.
5. Cooperation means working together to achieve common \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**THEORY**

1. What is Preservation?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1b. Define savings and write two traditional ways of saving.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. Write 2 causes of poor savings.
2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

2b. Name 5 banks in Nigeria.

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
5. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
6. What is capital?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

3b. List 5 areas where funds are used.

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
5. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
6. Define employment.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

4b. Mention 5 causes of unemployment.

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**PATFIN NURSERY AND PRIMARY SCHOOL, AKESAN, LAGOS STATE.**

**SECOND TERM EXAMINATION [ 2018 / 2019 ]**

**CLASS : Primary 4**

**NAME : \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ SUBJECT: Security Education**

**INSTRUCTION : ANSWER CORRECTLY DURATION : 1 HOUR**

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is an attribute of bad friends. (a)robbery (b)honesty (c)obedience
2. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ delegated to secure the environment. (a)caterer (b)gate keeper (c)watch night
3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ leas to personal insecurity. (a)threats (b)clean environment (c)obeying traffic rules
4. Do not go to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ places. (a)familiar (b)safe (c)unfamiliar
5. NPF means \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (a)National Police Force (b)Nigeria Police Force (c)Nigeria Police Frame
6. Security agencies \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and prevent any act of terrorism. (a)detect (b)support (c)allow
7. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ means personal safety. (a)Public Security (b)Public Figure (c)Personal Security
8. We must all be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of safety if our lives and properties. (a)furious (b)conscious (c)anxious
9. We should \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ keeping bad friends in order to be well secured. (a)avoid (b)ensure (c)continue
10. Keeping away from strangers will guarantee our \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from dangers. (a)longevity (b)mind (c)safety

**Answer True/False**

1. We must welcome strangers into our home. True/False
2. Drug abuse is harmful and dangerous. True/False
3. We should use illegal drugs. True/False
4. NAFDAC is a security agency. True/False
5. Self-medication can make life insecure. True/False

**Fill in the gaps**

1. SSS means \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
2. FRSC means \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ can make life insecure.
4. Managing your personal life will save you from \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
5. Obey school \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for personal security management at school.

**THEORY**

1. Write 3 areas of ensuring personal security management in school.
2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1b) Name 5 groups of people we should always obey.

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
5. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
6. Mention 5 areas of personal security management at home.
7. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
8. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
9. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
10. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
11. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
12. Define security agencies.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

3b) Give the full meaning of these security agencies: -

I)NAFDAC: - \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

II)NSCDC: - \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

III)NPF: - \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

IV)SSS: - \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

V)FRSC: - \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. Write 3 duties of watch-man

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

4b) What is personal security?

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**PATFIN NURSERY AND PRIMARY SCHOOL, AKESAN, LAGOS STATE.**

**SECOND TERM EXAMINATION [ 2018 / 2019 ]**

**CLASS : Primary 4**

**NAME : \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ SUBJECT: Agric Science**

**INSTRUCTION : ANSWER CORRECTLY DURATION : 1 HOUR**

1. The following crops except \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (a)Indomie (b)Rice (c)Soyabeans
2. Sorghum is an example of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (a)legumes (b)cereals (c)tubers
3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is a process involved in raising farm crop. (a)Fertilizing (b)Uprooting (c)Washing
4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ are short thick round part of an under-ground stem or root. (a)Cereals (b)Tubers (c)
5. Food crops are grown for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (a)sales (b)production (c)consumption
6. The SECOND thing to be done when raising a crop is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (a)Tiling (b)Ridge making (c)Land clearing
7. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is the addition of natural or artificial substances into the soil to make it fertile. (a)Harvesting (b)Marketing (c)Fertilizing
8. Maize seeds should be planted by giving a space of about \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (a)one feet to one and half feet (b)one feet (c)two feet to two and half feet’s.
9. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is a type of livestock production. (a)extensive farming (b)exclusive farming (c)explosive farming
10. Young animals need \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ food. (a)balanced (c)ordinary (c)light

**Answer True/False**

1. We must give adequate medication to young animals. True/False
2. Falling sick is an effect of lack of good care of young animals. True/False
3. Livestock’s should be starved for them to stay healthy. True/False
4. Crop diseases can be controlled by shooting. True/False
5. Cereals are plants that have seeds in long pods. True/False

**Fill in the gaps**

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is an example of legumes.
2. Cash crops are grown for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is done by cutting down and gathering the yield from crops.
4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ farming is when livestock’s are kept in cages or restricted areas.
5. Crops can be classified as food and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ crops.

**THEORY**

1. Write 5 methods of controlling crop diseases.
2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
5. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
6. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
7. What is a crop?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

2b. List 2 groups of crops with an example each.

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
3. Write 5 sequential process of raising farm crops.
4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
5. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
6. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
7. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
8. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
9. Explain the term “livestock”

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

4b. Write four(4) needs of a Young Animal

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**PATFIN NURSERY AND PRIMARY SCHOOL, AKESAN, LAGOS STATE.**

**SECOND TERM EXAMINATION [ 2018 / 2019 ]**

**CLASS : Primary 4**

**NAME : \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ SUBJECT: Cultural and Creative Art**

**INSTRUCTION : ANSWER CORRECTLY DURATION : 1 HOUR**

1. Rhythm in music comes in form of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (a)sound (b)play (c)turning
2. Rhythm in dance comes in form of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ movement. (a)life (b)head (c)body
3. Rhythm in dance has to do with \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (a)speed and time (b)sound and tune (c)jumps and dances
4. We have \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ types of culture. (a)4 (b)2 (c)3
5. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is not a value inculcated into cultural and creative arts. (a)Disloyalty (b)Creativity (c)improvisation
6. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is a musical instrument with strings. (a)keyboard (b)radio (c)guitar
7. Music is divided into \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ forms. (a)3(b)4 (c)8
8. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is the plan or shape of a piece when the music is created. (a)void (b)form (c)Ronodo
9. Air is blown into the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to make or give sound. (a)keyboard (b)trumpet (c)violin
10. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is needed in making paper marcher. (a)starch (b)glue (c)gum

**Answer True/False**

1. Paper mache’ is also a form of modelling. True/False
2. Clay cannot be used for modelling. True/False
3. We should always learn to take turns. True/False
4. Traditional dances are also called ethnic dances. True/False
5. Gundu dance is an example of foreign music. True/False

**Fill in the gaps**

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ expresses our inner feelings of joy and happiness.
2. Dance is classified into \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is an instrument in music.
4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ are musical instruments played with sticks.
5. No music, No \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**THEORY**

1. What is Mosaic?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. List 5 tools needed in making mosaic.
2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
5. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
6. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

2b. List 5 values inculcated into cultural and creative arts.

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
5. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
6. Define Dance

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

3b. Give two examples each of both traditional and foreign dance

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
5. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
6. State 5 ways of inculcation values into the society.
7. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
8. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
9. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
10. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
11. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**PATFIN NURSERY AND PRIMARY SCHOOL, AKESAN, LAGOS STATE.**

**SECOND TERM EXAMINATION [ 2018 / 2019 ]**

**CLASS : Primary 4**

**NAME : \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ SUBJECT: Vocational Aptitude**

**INSTRUCTION : ANSWER CORRECTLY DURATION : 1 HOUR**

1. Palm oil is obtained from the nut of a palm tree called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (a)oil seed (b)palm kernel (c)red seed
2. Palm oil is used for the following except \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (a)for cooking (b)making soap (c)for purification
3. A fine toilet soap made of high grade olive oil is known as \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (a)castile soap (b)beauty soap (c)perfume soap
4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is an alkaline substance used in manufacturing soap. (a)sodium peroxide (b)sodium pump (c)sodium hydroxide
5. Wooden shoes often filled with straw to warm the feet is called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (a)sandal (b)clay (c)moccasins
6. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is a person that engages in growing and sale of flowers. (a)florist (b)gardener (c)farmer
7. A sticky tap that is used to keep foam in the container is called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (a)flower (b)vase (c)pot tap
8. The following except one is a type of hat. (a)ball cap (b)sun hat (c)strong hat
9. Leather is derived from \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (a)clay (b)wood (c)hide
10. The work of logging is the same as the work of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (a)foresting (b)lumbering (c)wooding

**Answer True/False**

1. A person who sells flowers alone can also be called a florist. True/False
2. Shoes can also be referred to as footwear. True/False
3. Transparent soap usually contains acid. True/False
4. The height of mature palm tree is about 200m. True/False
5. We cut in fashion designing. True/False

**Fill in the gaps**

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is a tool used by shoemakers.
2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is used to transport flower from one place to another.
3. Hats are made by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
4. In early age, leathers are used as \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
5. Soap is a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ agent.

**THEORY**

1. Who is a shoemaker?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1b. List four different types of footwear’s.

* 1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
  2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
  3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
  4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. List the 3 forms of soap.
   1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
   2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
   3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

2b. Write the 2 types of soap.

* 1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
  2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. List 2 examples of women’s hat.
   1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
   2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

3b. Name 5 things leather can be used to produce.

* 1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
  2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
  3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
  4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
  5. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. What is Logging?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

4b. Name people involved in logging.

* 1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
  2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
  3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
  4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
  5. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
  6. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
  7. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**PATFIN NURSERY AND PRIMARY SCHOOL, AKESAN, LAGOS STATE.**

**SECOND TERM EXAMINATION [ 2018 / 2019 ]**

**CLASS : Primary 4**

**NAME : \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ SUBJECT: K. O. W.**

**INSTRUCTION : ANSWER CORRECTLY DURATION : 1 HOUR**

1. An event responsible for land formation is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (a)folcanic disruption (b)volcanic eruption (c)folcanic eruption
2. The direction of weather can be easily traced through the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (a)weather vane (b)wind vance (c)barometer
3. OPEC means \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (a)Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (b)Organization of People Exporting Companies (c)Origin of Petroleum Exporting Countries
4. International organizations handle the affairs of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ countries. (a)one (b)two or more (c)none
5. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is a land form (a)Hill (b)River (c)Mountain
6. The name of the famous thrift collector is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (a)Pa Antenus Olunaike (b)Pa Alpheaus Olunaike (c)Pa Alpheaus Ogunmike
7. A \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is often with a river flowing through it. (a)hill (b)island (c)valley
8. The maximum weather temperature of our country is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (a)30­­­­­­­­­­oC (b)40oC (c)35oC
9. Osaghie ehanire is the minister of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (a)Health (b)Water (c)Communication
10. The minister of transportation is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (a)Rotimi Amaechi (b)Isaac Amaechi (c)Proffessor Anthony Onwuka

**Answer True/False**

1. Babatunde Raji Fashola is the minister of power, woods and housing. True/False
2. ECOMAS is an international organization. True/False
3. UNO means United Nations Organization. True/False
4. A valley is a piece of land surrounded by water. True/False
5. Temperature is the atmospheric condition of a place. True/False

**Fill in the gaps**

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is the degree of hotness and coldness of anything.
2. The normal temperature of the human body is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is the minister of Defence.
4. WHO means \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
5. Fela Anikulapo Kuti was born in the year \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**THEORY**

1. Explain with a diagram: -

a) Hill

b) Island

1. What is Valley?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. What is a Hill?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. Define Weather.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. Mention 3 types of weather around the world.
   1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
   2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
   3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
2. Who is a Minister?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. Define portfolio.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Minister | Portfolio |
|  |  |

1. Name three(3) states and their motto.
2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
5. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**PATFIN NURSERY AND PRIMARY SCHOOL, AKESAN, LAGOS STATE.**

**SECOND TERM EXAMINATION [ 2018 / 2019 ]**

**CLASS : Primary 4**

**NAME : \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ SUBJECT: Mathematics**

**INSTRUCTION : ANSWER CORRECTLY DURATION : 1 HOUR**

1. The part all round a circle is called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (a)angle (b)circumference (c)radius
2. The formula for finding the circumference of a circle is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (a) (b) (c)
3. Which ratio is greater? (a)3:5 4:7 (c)2:5:6:15
4. Express 5 as percentage of 15 the answer is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (a)33.3% (b)3.33% (c)0.33%
5. Find 20% of 250. (a)N50 (b)N25 (c)N100
6. (a)3 (b)5 (c)4
7. The amount you sell a good or article is called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (a)cost price (b)unit price (c)selling price
8. Loss equals to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (a)selling price + cost price (b)cost price – selling price (c)selling price – cost price
9. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is used for exchange. (a)money (b)paper (c)stones
10. Nigeria spends \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (a)Naira (b)Yarns (c)Dollars

**Answer True/False**

1. The highest denomination of Nigeria’s currency is N200. True/False
2. The formula for finding interest is = I=. True/False

4cm

1. 2cm 2cm. the perimeter of this shape is 12cm. True/ False

4cm

1. I bought a watch for N 33.60 and sold it for N32.00. I have made profit. True/False
2. R in circumference means Radius. True/False
3. 100, 007, 100, 008, 100, 009 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
4. I bought a book for N25000.00 and sold it for N 2000.00. have I made profit or loss? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
5. Calculate the profit or loss. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
6. The smallest denomination of Nigeria currency is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
7. A triangle has \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ angles.

**THEORY**

1. Find the circumference of a circle whose diameter is given below

(a)24cm (b)1.4cm (use = 3.14)

z

1. Find 20% of: -

(a)N 200.00

(b)N 500.00

1. Find the missing number

a) t + 2 = 5

b) y -2 = 10

c) k4 =16

d) t 6 = 6

1. A businessman bought a pair of shoe at N3,550.00. he sold it at a profit of 10%. What was the profit on the pair of shoes? What was the selling price?
2. Find the simple interest of N500 for 2years at 5% per annum.
3. Find the simple interest of N20000 for 3years at 4% per annum.